

ZSligo

Engaging prison officers on a blended learning programme – a case study of the Irish experience

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Solution: Seek to build a

'community of learners'
Use technology to support faceto-face workshops

Problem: how do we engage students in full-time employment, working in stressful job, on a blended learning programme with limited face-to-face time?

But, what is the reality?



Engaging prison officers – today's presentation

Part 1 Context

- Custodial Care: programme background
- Pedagogical approaches
- Prison officers Irish / UK research

Part 2 The Research

- Key Research Questions
- Research methodology
- Research Findings
- Further discussion & lessons for the future



Programme background

- Higher Certificate in custodial care introduced in 2007
- Obligatory for all new recruit prison officers to take and pass the two-year programme
- Aims to promote 'professional practice' mix of social science, vocational and professional studies
- Four semesters, two years, 120 ECTS
- Delivered via 'blended' methodologies face to face workshops and Moodle VLE
- Important programme in changing work practice and culture, upholding human rights principles
- Positive impact on prison officers, prisoners and wider society



Pedagogical approaches

'Cognitive' – "active learning, enquiry-led, problembased, goal-based, reflective practitioner, cognitive apprenticeship, constructive-based design"

'Situative' – "e-moderating framework, dialogue / argumentation, experiential learning, collaborative learning, activity theory, apprenticeships, action research, reciprocal teaching, project-based learning, vicarious learning"

Source: Helen Beetham and Rhona Sharpe (2007) 'Rethinking Pedagogy for a Digital Age, Designing and Delivering E-learning', Oxford, Routledge, Farmer pp236

'Social Constructivist' - "knowledge is constructed through personal understanding and meaningful shared experience", Edudemic 2013



Prison officers – Irish research

- Work in a challenging environment (McGowan 1984 and Lonergan 2010)
- Stressful job (Regan 2009)
- Emotional environment (Crawley 2004)
- Complex, demanding roles: security & rehabilitative (Liebling and Price 2007)
- Attitudes to professionalism (Share and Timmons 2011)



My Research

- Equality and Diversity module
- One cohort of 36 students, February to June 2012
- Attempted to build 'online learning community'; 'bring professional knowledge-sharing from the workplace into academia', Buckley (2011)
- How?: 'connection, participation, safety, support, belonging and empowerment' (West et al 2012)
- Why? To engage learners in a range of activities, to supplement face-to-face time
- 4 activities Moodle page, Discussion Forum, Twitter and Live tutorial



My Key Research Questions

- Students' backgrounds gender, age, academic qualifications, IT skills
- For what purposes did students use Moodle?
- What influenced their propensity to engage on Moodle and on the various activities?
- How did they rate their experience?



Research Methodology

- 'Practical action research' approach' (Oliver et al 2007)
- Students engaged in module activities in the usual way
- Survey administered via 'Polldaddy' to students via email
- Used adapted 'Likert Scale': 'extremely unhelpful' to 'extremely helpful'
- Open space at the end of survey for participants to elaborate



Research Findings (1)

- Cohort 36 in cohort, 33 engaged in the module, 3 Deferred,
- 13 responses to questionnaire (39%),
- All male, mostly in the 25-34 age category,
- Almost half listed Leaving Cert as highest education qualification,
- Small majority (54%) described their IT skills as good or excellent. Only 15% said they had poor IT skills,
- Treat results with caution, but worth investigating findings due to uniqueness of student group.



Research Findings (2)

Moodle Usage

Activity	Number (n=13)	Percentage of total
Uploading assignments	13	100%
Finding useful readings or other resources	12	92%
Getting information on assessments	12	92%
Getting feedback on earlier assignments	12	92%
Downloading / viewing lecture notes / slides	10	77%
Gaining general information about the course	10	77%
Viewing tutorials on Moodle related activities	9	69%
Links to IT Sligo Library / E-brary Ebooks	8	62%
Downloading journal articles	8	62%
Communicating with teaching staff	8	62%
Viewing study skills tutorials / information	7	54%
Communicating with fellow students	5	38%
Finding information for gaining an extension	1	8%
Finding out more about Moodle	1	8%
Other option	0	0%



Research Findings (3)

Evaluation of e-learning resources

Question	Extremely	Unhelpful	Neutral	Useful	Extremely		
	Unhelpful				useful		
How would you rate your experience of using Moodle?	0	1 (8%)	4 (31%)	2 (15%)	6 (46%)		
How would you rate your experience of using Discussion Forums?	0	2 (17%)	3 (25%)	4 (33%)	3 (25%)		
How would you rate your experience of using Twitter?	1 (9%)	2 (18%)	6 (54%)	1 (9%)	1 (9%)		
How would you rate your experience of participating in the online tutorial?	0	0	4 (36%)	6 (55%)	1 (9%)		



Research Findings (4)

Factors influencing propensity to participate

Individual Factors	E D Moodle page n=13	Discussion Forums n=12	Twitter n=12	Online tutorial n=12
Time available	11(85%)	8 (67%)	5 (42%)	8 (67%)
Structure / content of the Moodle site / activity	4 (31%)	5 (33%)	-	-
Own motivation levels	3 (23%)	3 (25%)	1(8%)	2 (17%)
Interesting exercises	2 (15%)	1 (8%)	1 (8%)	4 (33%)
Own perception of importance of activity	2 (15%)	6 (50%)	3 (25%)	-
Staff encouragement	1 (8%)	0	2 (17%)	4 (33%)
My IT skills	1 (8%)	1 (8%)	2 (17%)	1 (8%)
Self-confidence	0	3 (25%)	-	-
Feedback from fellow students	0	1 (8%)	-	-
The fact it was not mandatory or assessed	-	2 (17%)	4 (33%)	1 (8%)
Other (I don't use Twitter)	-	-	3 (25%)	-



Summary of Research Findings

- Students engaged in a wide range of Moodle activities
- Students rated the 'learning community' activities positively
- Students felt their IT skills level were adequate, good or excellent
- 'Time available' was most important factor in propensity to engage in 'learning community' activities
- Structure / content of Moodle site also important
- 'Own perception of importance' of activity and fact 'activity was not assessed / mandatory' also important



Further discussion – lessons for the future

- More research required with wider cohort
- Clearer 'signposting' within Moodle site
- Accessibility audit, and explicit commitment to Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0
- More 'scaffolding' for Twitter activities
- Consider making activities mandatory
- Continue to listen to students views, feedback and act appropriately











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Thank you, I am happy to take questions!