A Problem Support Mentor Scheme: using problem-solving skills in prisons EPTA workshop September 2021



ESRC is part of UK Research and Innovation

## Outline for the workshop

- Introductions and format for of the workshop
- Problem solving skills what are they?
- How are they used in a peer-led scheme in the UK [ Dr Amanda E. Perry]
- Introducing the exercise: practicing your problem-solving skills [Maja Zawadzka]
- Feedback from the groups [Maja and Amanda]
- Viewing of a problem-solving skills animation [Maja and Amanda]
- Cultural adaptations and statistical findings [ Dr Jaroslaw Rychlik ]
- Summary and question and answer session [Amanda and Maja]

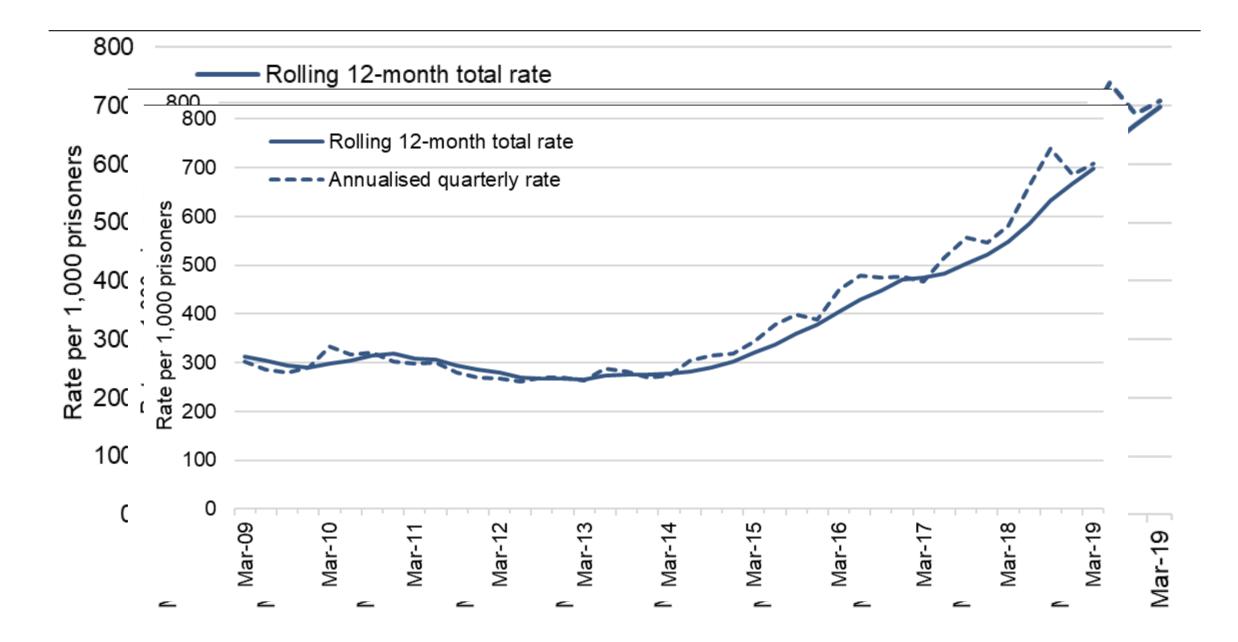
## What are problem-solving skills?

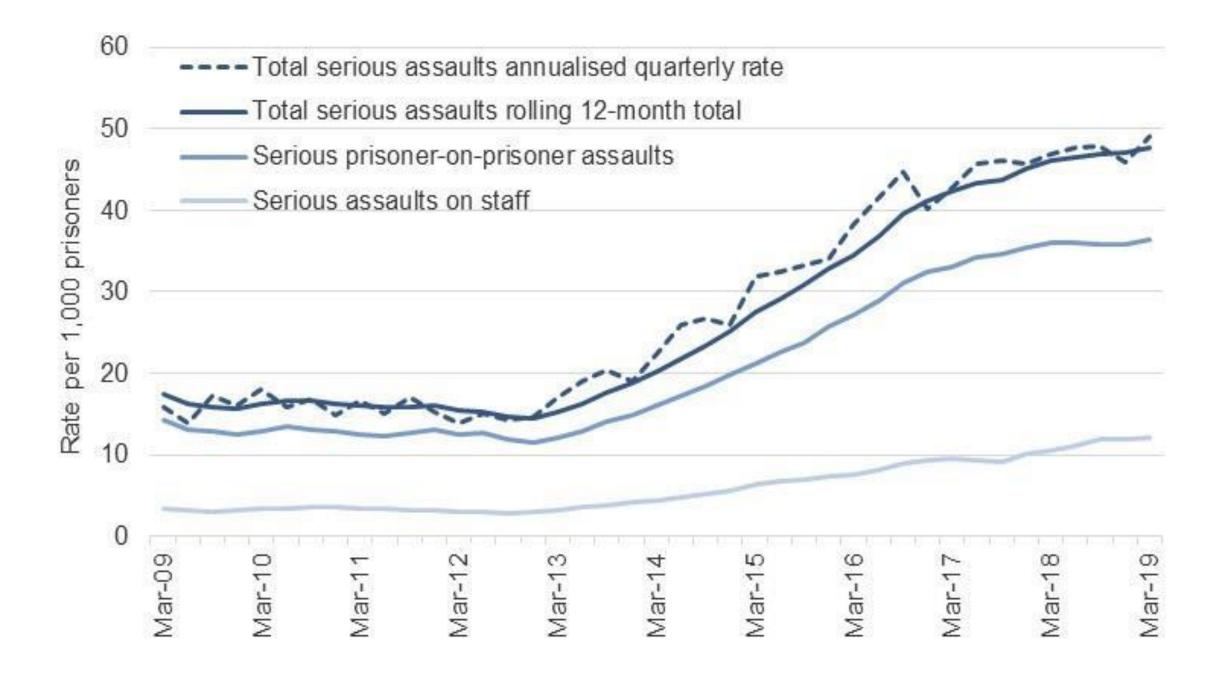
- Underpin by psychological theory 1970s
- Provides a systematic step-by-step approach to resolving/dealing with problems in life

Why use problem-solving skills?









## Step 1. Is there a problem?

How can Danny get from where he

(c 1)

HOME

is to where he wants to be?

## Step 2: Describe the problem



- Take a step back
- Count to ten

How can I define my problem clearly?

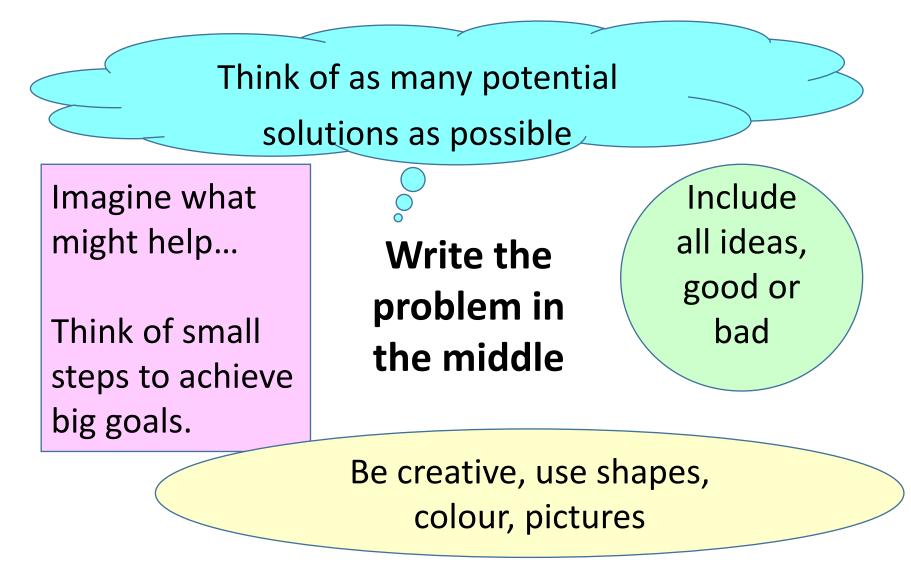
What is my problem statement?

## Step 3: Gather information

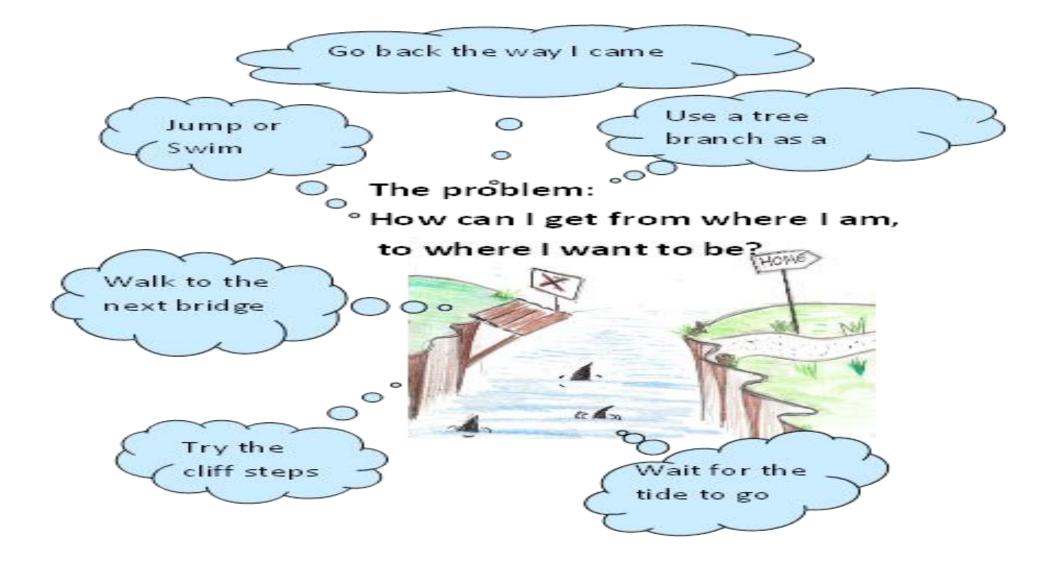


- Be clear on what you need to find out.
  - Use the 5 questions
    Who? What? Where?
    When? and How?
  - Use all available resources to gather the facts.

## Step 4: Think of options



## Danny's potential solutions



## Step 5: Choose a plan

List each potential solution.

Rate each solution

✓ = Positive

or

**×** = Negative

The best option will have the more green ticks and fewer red crosses

	✓	×
Jump or swim		X Too risky
Use a branch	X Too risky	
Walk to the next bridge	X 5 miles to walk - too far	
Go back the way I came		X 6 miles to walk – too far
Wait for the tide to go out	Easy and safe	One hour to wait
Use the steps to cross the beach	Easy and safe	One hour to wait

I

## Step 6: Make a plan

A good plan:

- Is specific to the problem
- Uses small achievable steps to help solve the problem
- Gives details of what action is to be done, when, where, who by, and how they should do it.

## Step 6: Make a plan

## Danny's plan

1. Ring home. Tell them I will get back later than expected.

- 2. Wait for the tide to go out (1hr)
- 3. Use the steps to go down

the cliff side, then cross the beach

4. Go up the steps at the other side

## Step 7: Try it out

Danny tried his plan and solved his problem but....

> It is common to come up with a useful plan, start to carry them out, and then when things didn't go to plan conclude that it did not work.

## If it goes wrong? Stop and think...

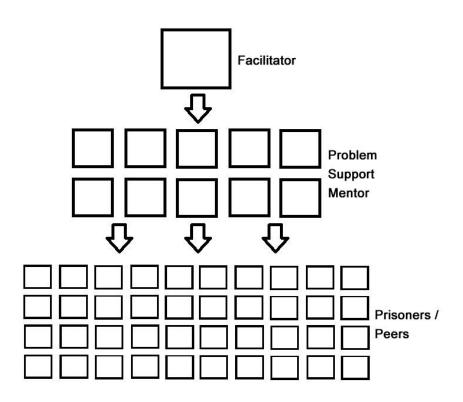
- Did your action plan get underway?
- What obstacles prevented you from completing your plan?
- What could you have done differently?
- What do you need to do to improve your chances of solving problems?



# The men who own the scheme



How is the scheme set-up and what does it involve?



The scheme involves:

- Initial staff search to identify suitable participants
- an initial pre-workshop session to assess the suitability and willingness of participants to attend
- followed by five 1.5 hour workshop sessions
- a six week 'apprenticeship period' which is supported by attendance at biweekly supervision meetings
- a ceremonial event with involvement from family/staff/Governor and representation from the Universities of York and Leeds
- continued bi-weekly supervision sessions until transfer/release/disengagement

Sessions can be delivered in:

- small groups (up to 10)
- individually face to face



### PROBLEM SUPPORT MENTOR SCHEME

- The problem support mentor scheme is a peer-led prisoner to prisoner opportunity.
- The scheme is led by the Universities of York and Leeds in collaboration with the prison.
- Prisoners are encouraged to tackle and address their own problems using a 6-step approach.
- If you need help in looking at how to deal with a problem speak to a Problem Support Mentor.

### WHAT DO PRISONERS SAY ABOUT THE SCHEME?

I have hears that there is nothing wrong with adding afters of hole if you need? It is better to face your problems rather than grown than. We made plans in my life and fue set myself and to see them thanggin and stay isosaritie with no positive atititude to life.

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WHAT DO STAFF SAY ABOUT THE SCHEME?



PROBLEM SUPPORT MENTOR CUSTOMER RECORDS





Problem Solving Skills Problem Support Mentor Scheme A Six Step Practical Guide Danny's Story Workbook



Prison		
PSM Name		
Prison Number		

THE UNIVERSITY of Jork UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS



Problem Solving Skills Problem Support Mentor Scheme A Six Step Practical Guide Course Workbook



Prison	
PSM Name	
Prison Number	

THE UNIVERSITY of York UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS HM Prison & Probation Service



Problem Solving Skills Problem Support Mentor Scheme A Six Step Practical Guide James' Story Workbook



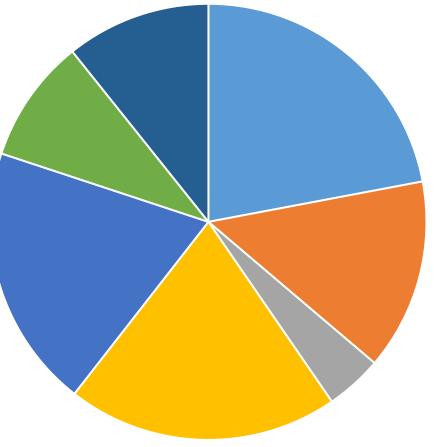
The University of York UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS

HM Prison & Probation Service

Prison\_\_\_\_ PSM Name\_\_\_\_ Prison Number\_

## Examples of data use so far....

- Housing
- Employment
- Bullying
- Family Relationships
- Physical/Mental Health
- Debt/Money
- Drugs/Addition





## Jack- A small group challenge

Jack is a male adult prisoner who has been sentenced

for fraud and has brought shame upon his family. Jack

has a wife and three children. His wife contacts him in

prison to tell him that 'she can't do this anymore'.

# WITH THANKS AND APPRECIATION TO: THE MEN IN THE LOCAL PRISON HMPPS INTERVENTION SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS

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